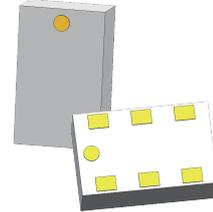


#### Description

The products are widely used in China and global 4G/5G base station, 5G network coverage, BeiDou navigation antenna, vehicle-mounted high-precision navigation (unmanned) antenna and other applications. The products have miniaturization, low-loss, wide-bandwidth, high power density, high reliability, high cost-effective and other competitive advantages.



#### Features:

- 1700-2300 MHz
- 5G Applications
- High Power
- Very Low Loss
- Tight Amplitude Balance
- High Isolation
- Production Friendly
- Tape and Reel
- RoHS Compliant
- Halogen Free

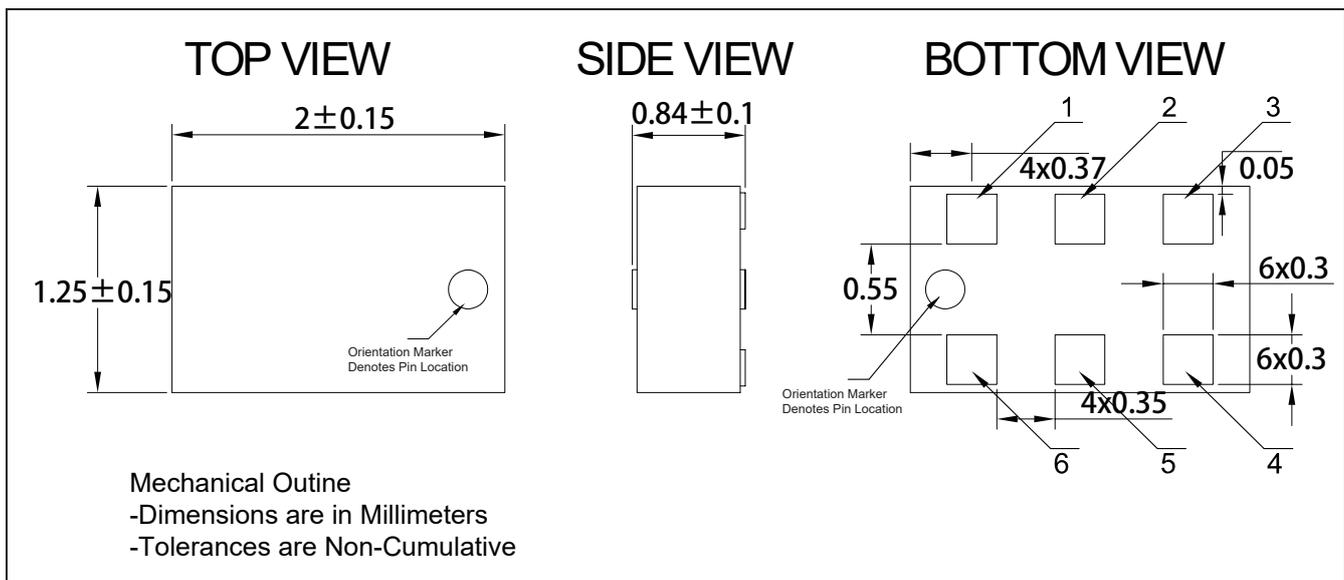
#### Electrical Specifications

Frequency	Coupling	Insertion Loss	VSWR
<i>MHz</i>	<i>dB</i>	<i>dB Max</i>	<i>Max : 1</i>
1700-2300	2±0.5	0.5	1.22
Isolation	Phase Balance	Power	Operating Temp.
<i>dB Min</i>	<i>Degrees</i>	<i>Avg. CW Watts at 105°C</i>	<i>°C</i>
22	90 ± 4.0	5	-55 to +105

#### Notes:

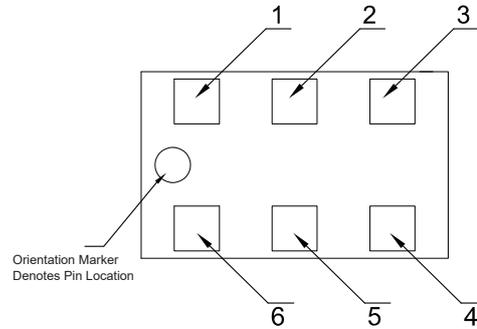
1. All the above data are based on specified demo board.
2. Insertion loss: Thru board loss has been removed.

#### Mechanical Outline



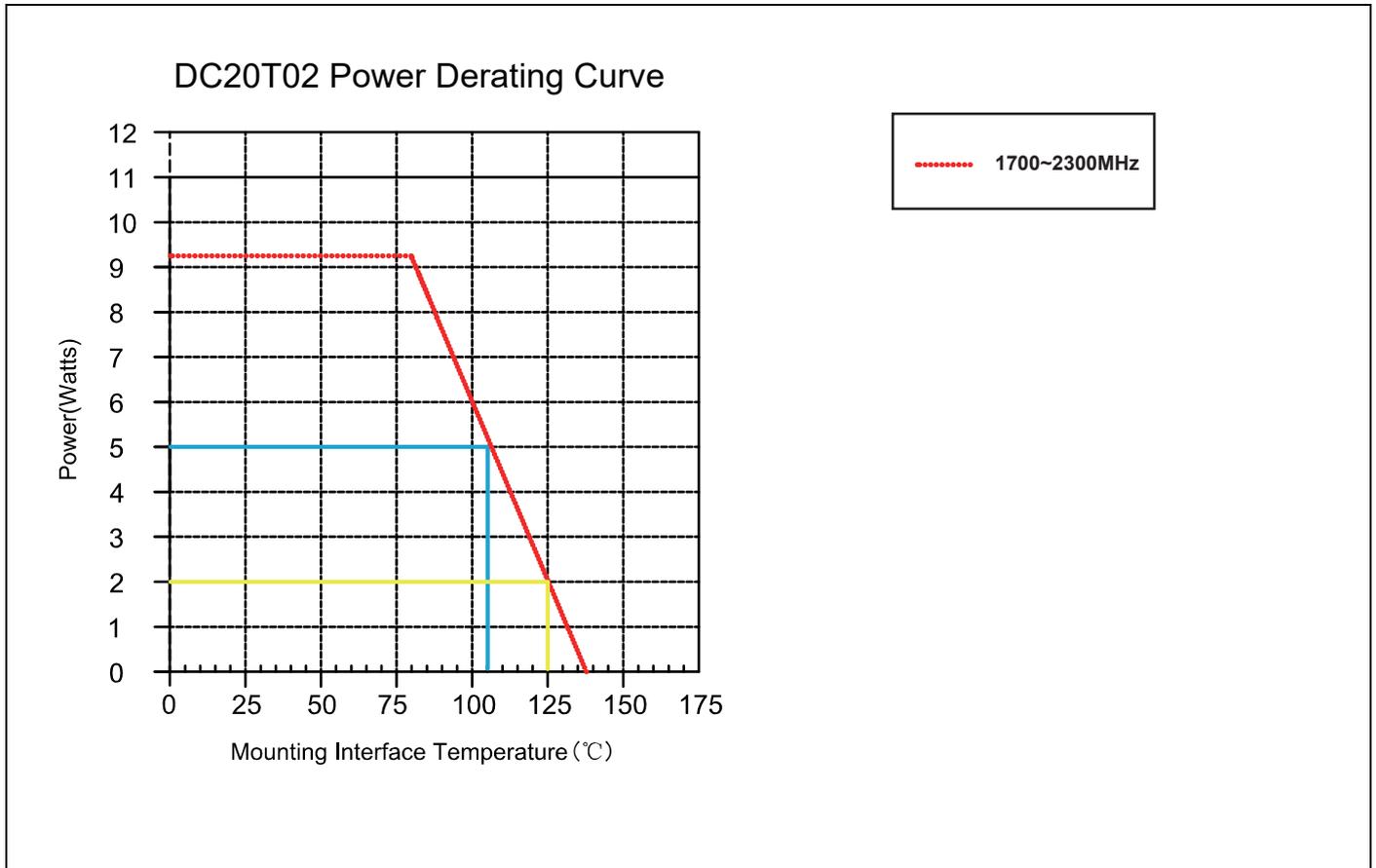
#### Hybrid Coupler Pin Configuration

The DC20T02 has an orientation marker to denote Pin1. Once port one has been identified the other ports are known automatically. Please see the chart below for clarification:



Pin	Configuration-1	Configuration-2	Configuration-3	Configuration-4
1	Input	Isolated	$-5\text{dB} < \Theta < -90$	$-2\text{dB} < \Theta$
2	GND	GND	GND	GND
3	Isolated	Input	$-2\text{dB} < \Theta$	$-5\text{dB} < \Theta < -90$
4	$-5\text{dB} < \Theta < -90$	$-2\text{dB} < \Theta$	Input	Isolated
5	GND	GND	GND	GND
6	$-2\text{dB} < \Theta$	$-5\text{dB} < \Theta < -90$	Isolated	Input

## Power Derating Curves



### Power Derating:

As the mounting interface temperature approaches the maximum continuous operating temperature, the power handling decreases to zero.

#### Definition of Measured Specifications

Parameter	Definition	Mathematical Representation
<b>VSWR</b> (Voltage Standing Wave Ratio)	The impedance match of the coupler to a 50Ω system. A VSWR of 1:1 is optimal.	$VSWR = \frac{V_{max}}{V_{min}}$ Vmax = voltage maxima of a standing wave Vmin = voltage minima of a standing wave
<b>Return Loss</b>	The impedance match of the coupler to a 50Ω system. Return Loss is an alternate means to express VSWR.	$\text{Return Loss (dB)} = 20 \log \frac{VSWR + 1}{VSWR - 1}$
<b>Insertion Loss</b>	The input power divided by the sum of the power at the two output ports.	$\text{Insertion Loss(dB)} = 10 \log \frac{P_{in}}{P_{cpl} + P_{transmission}}$
<b>Isolation</b>	The input power divided by the power at the isolated port.	$\text{Isolation(dB)} = 10 \log \frac{P_{in}}{P_{iso}}$
<b>Phase Balance</b>	The difference in phase angle between the two output ports.	Phase at coupled port – Phase at transmission port
<b>Amplitude Balance</b>	The power at each output divided by the average power of the two outputs.	$10 \log \frac{P_{cpl}}{\left(\frac{P_{cpl} + P_{transmission}}{2}\right)} \quad \text{or} \quad 10 \log \frac{P_{transmission}}{\left(\frac{P_{cpl} + P_{transmission}}{2}\right)}$

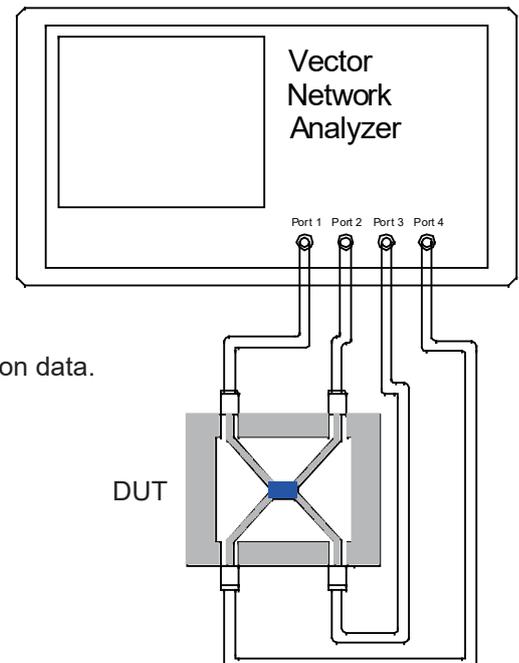
#### Test Method

1. Calibrating your vector network analyzer.
2. Connect the VNA 4 Port to DUT respectively.
3. Measure the data of coupling through port 1 to port 4(S41).
4. Measure the data of transmission through port 1 to port 3(S31).
5. Measure the data of isolation through port 1 to port 2(S21).
6. Measure the data of phase port 4 & port 3(port 1 feeding).
7. Measure the data of return loss port 1, port 2, port 3 & port 4.
8. According to the above data to calculate insertion loss, amplitude balance & phase.

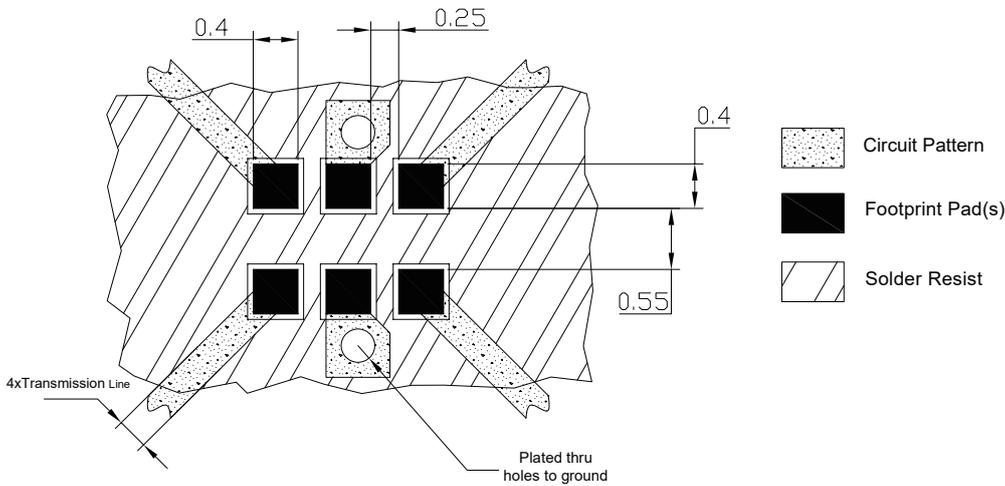
#### Note:

1. When calculating insertion loss at room temperature, demo board loss should be removed from both coupling & transmission data. Please refer to the below table for demo board loss :

Frequency Range(MHz)	Demo Board Loss (dB) @25°C
<b>470-860</b>	0.07
<b>800-1000</b>	0.10
<b>1200-1700</b>	0.15
<b>1700-2000</b>	0.15
<b>2000-2300</b>	0.20
<b>2300-2700</b>	0.25



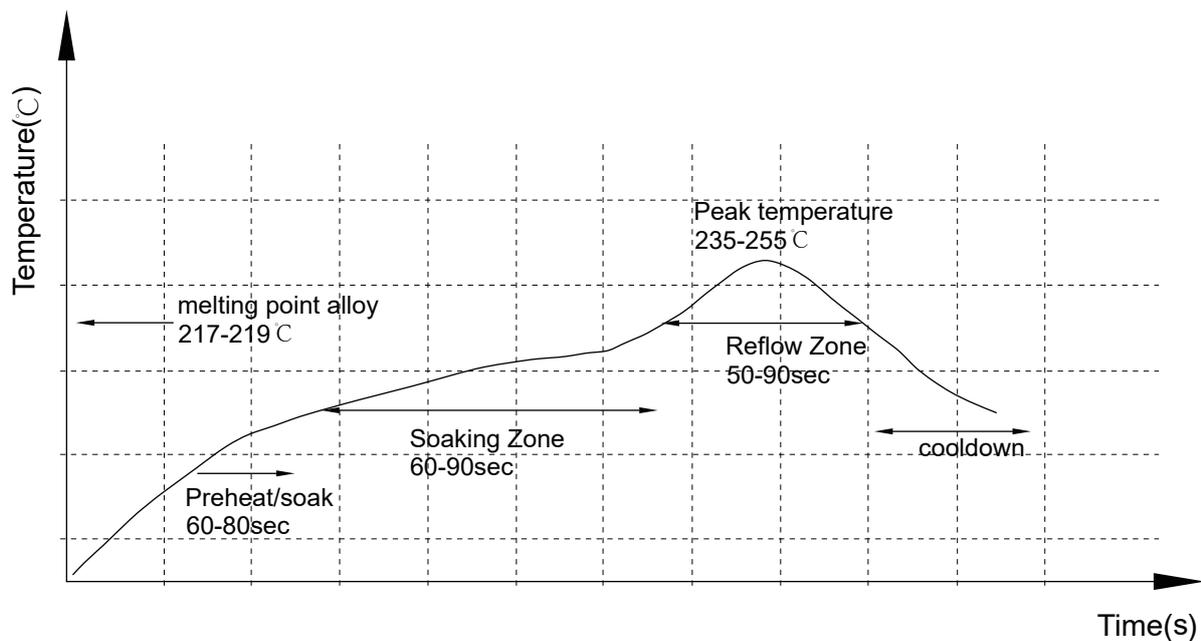
### Recommended PCB Layout



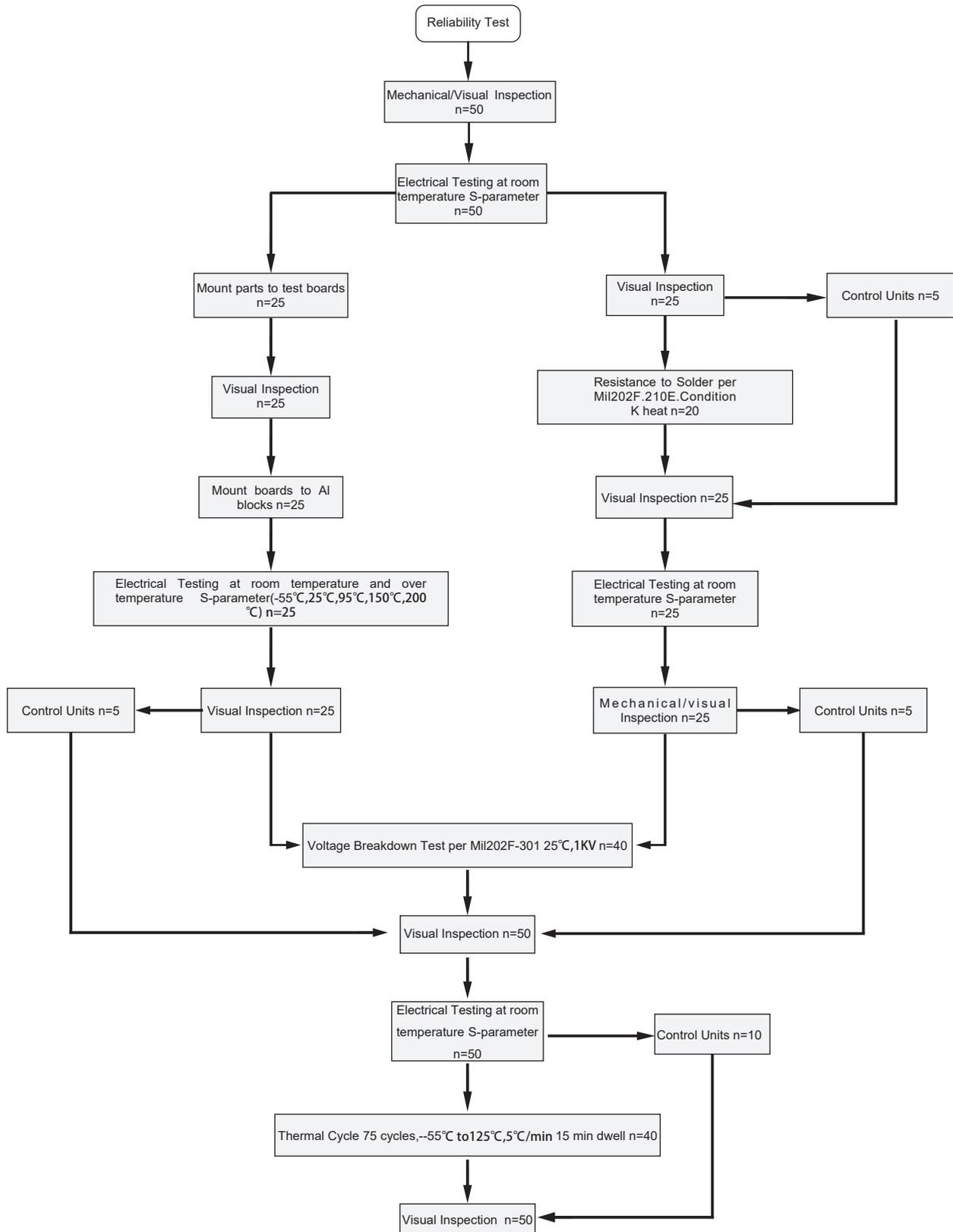
### NOTE:

1. 50Ω line width is shown above designing.
2. Bottom side of the PCB is continuous ground plane.
3. All dimensions shown in mm [inch].

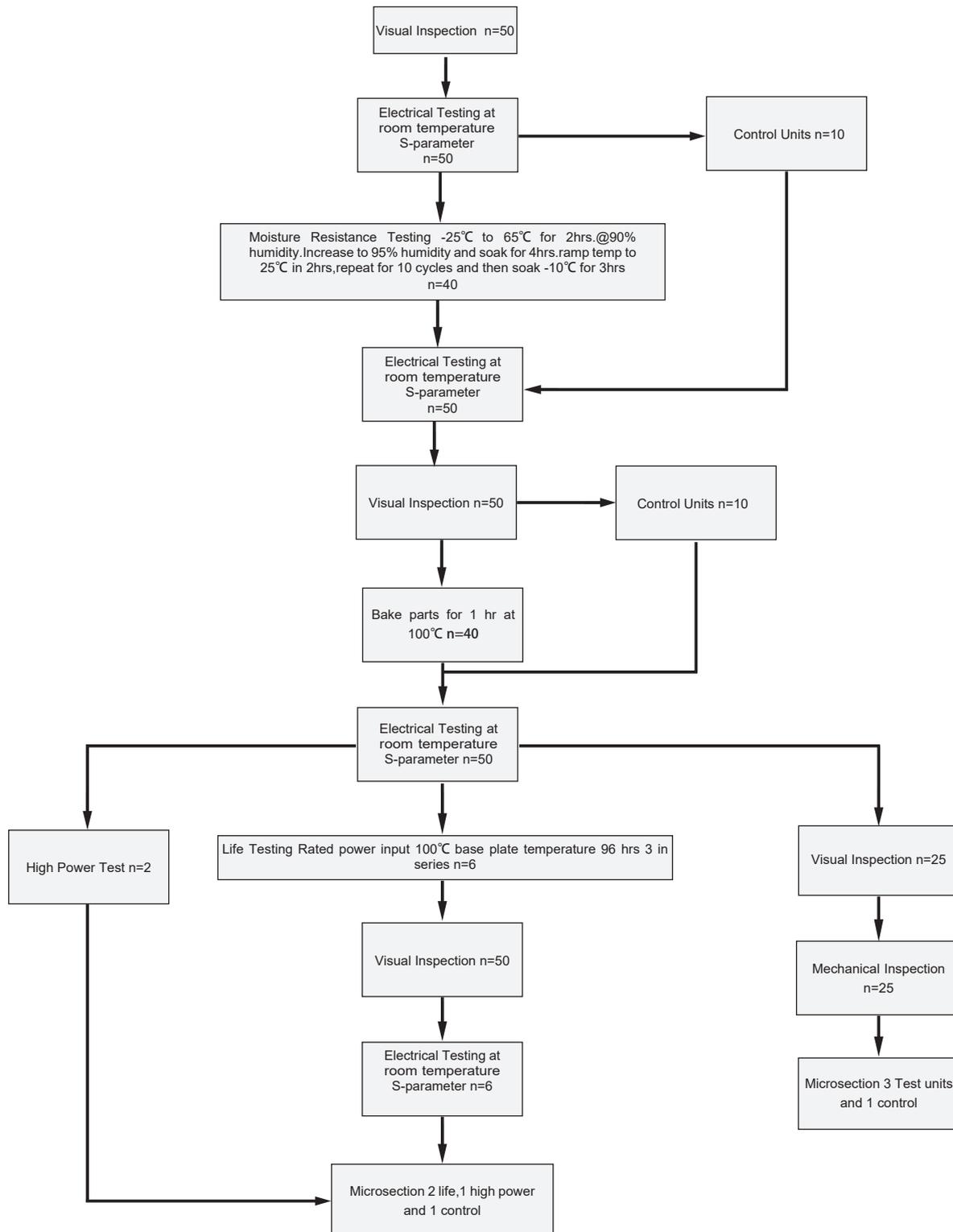
### Reflow Profile



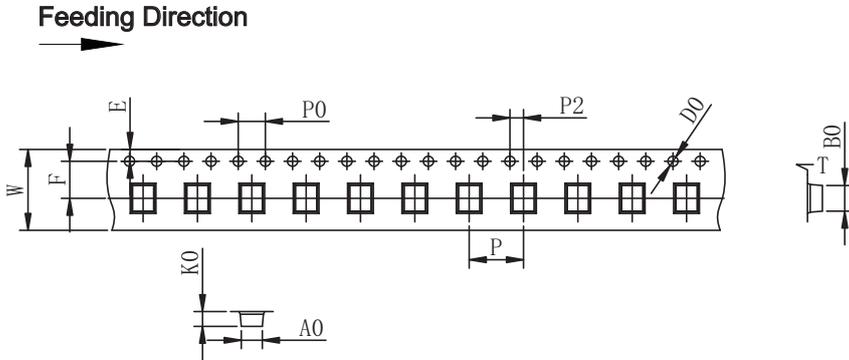
#### Reliability Test Flow



#### Reliability Test Flow



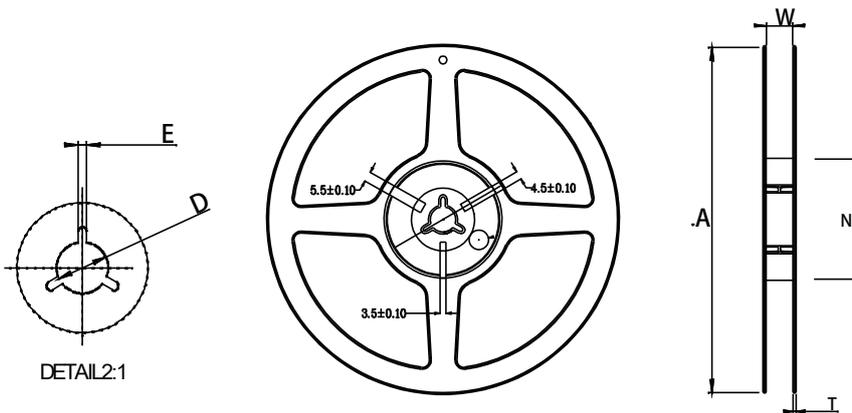
#### Tape and Reel Drawing



ITEM	W	A0	B0	K0	K1	P	F	E	D0	P0	P2	t	7"
DIM(mm)	8.0	1.45	2.30	1.00		4.0	3.5	1.75	1.5	4.0	2.0	0.2	P/R
TOLE	+0.10 -0.10	+0.10 -0.00	+0.10 -0.10	+0.10 -0.10	+0.05 -0.05	4000pcs							

#### Notice:

- A. 10 Sprocket hole pitch cumulative tolerance is 0.2mm.
- B. Carrier camber shall be not more than 1mm per 100mm through a length of 250mm.
- C. All dimensions meet EIA-418-B requirements.
- D. A0 & B0 measured as indicated.
- E. K0 measured from a place on the inside bottom of the pocket to top surface of carrier.
- F. Material: PE 100
- G. Thickness: 0.30±0.05mm
- H. 4000 units (maximum) / T&R



Symbol	Dimensions(mm)
W	9.0±0.4
A	180±0.3
N	60±0.3
T	1.4±0.2
E	3±0.5
D	25±0.8

